

and an equal amount from the Province. For children in the Training School for the Mentally Defective, the municipality pays \$200 per child per annum, all other expenses being borne by the Province.

A considerable volume of work has been done for the Dominion Government in connection with soldiers' families.

Mothers' Allowances.—Enabling legislation was passed in 1930 and became effective on Oct. 1 of that year. Statistics under the Act are given at pp. 226-228.

Public Charities.—These services are varied and include aid to persons who have no legal claim on any municipality in the Province or any specific poor district but who require public assistance.

Old Age Pensions and Pensions for the Blind.—The Province has co-operated with the Dominion-Provincial Old Age Pension plan since March, 1934, and with the amendment to the Act providing for the payment of pensions to blind persons since Oct. 1, 1937. For statistics see pp. 229-231.

In addition to the above matters, the following subjects, though not part of the public welfare program proper, are controlled by the Province:—

Homes for the Aged.—Although no provincial grants are paid to homes for the aged operated by municipalities, religious or private bodies and subject to provincial inspection, many such homes receive public funds indirectly. In certain cases old age pensioners boarding in these homes may pay their pensions directly to the institution or by private agreement pensions may be paid to the institution by the Pension Board of the Department if the pensioner is incapable of managing his own affairs.

The Workmen's Compensation Board.—This legislation was passed in 1915, but did not come into operation until Jan. 1, 1917. The subject of workmen's compensation is not as directly related to welfare as the other services dealt with. The Province, in its control of trade and industry, enacts compensation legislation and supervises its administration, but workmen's compensation is financed by and is essentially the responsibility of industry. See also Chapter XX on Labour.

New Brunswick.—The welfare services provided by the Government of New Brunswick are under the direct supervision of the Minister of Health and Social Services and consist of:—

- (1) Children's Protective Service.
- (2) Mothers' Allowances.
- (3) Old Age Pensions and Pensions for the Blind.
- (4) Homes for the Aged.
- (5) Workmen's Compensation.

Children's Protective Service.—This Service includes the administration of the Children's Protection Act and the Adoption Act; services under these Acts are carried out by a Child Welfare Officer. Children's Aid Societies are organized in all counties, some of which employ full-time agents. Orphanages are under the auspices of religious or private bodies, but there are certain municipal institutions that receive adults and children: these are subject to provincial inspection.

Mothers' Allowances.—The Mothers' Allowances Act was passed on Apr. 6, 1944, and provides for allowances to mothers who are widowed or who, for other reasons, are without means of support. See pp. 226-228.